REMARKS

The above Amendments and these Remarks are in reply to the Office Action

mailed March 24, 2005. Claims 1-34 were pending in the Application prior to the

outstanding Office Action. In the Office Action, the Examiner rejected claims 1-34. The

present response amends claims 1, 2, 4, 10, 12, 13, 22, 23 and 32-34, leaving for the

Examiner's present consideration claims 1-34. Reconsideration and withdrawal of the

rejections are respectfully requested.

CLAIM REJECTIONS UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 103

Claims 1-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as allegedly being unpatentable

over Sather (U.S. Publication No. 2002/0143815 A1) in view of Beauchamp (U.S. Patent

No. 6,621,505).

Prima facie obviousness rejection requires the Examiner to show that the prior art

alone or in combination teaches or suggests all elements of the claimed invention. Sather

teaches "representing an XML document as a DOM component" (Abstract, paragraph

0005, line 11-12), which is a data representation method at the upstream of the data

processing method of the present invention. In fact, the present invention teaches

"parsing an XML document to generate a stream of events" (claims 1, 13, 23, 33, and 34)

wherein the XML document has already been represented (via, for a non-limiting

example, a method like Sather) as a (DOM) tree. Thus, the present invention focuses at a

subsequent data processing step of Sather and cannot be anticipated by Sather. On the

other hand, Beauchamp teaches "parsing an XML tree to determine how the response

should be presented in the user interface" (column 21, line 17-19) by looking up "a hash

table with NameValue pairs representing each value as it is presented" when notified by

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an "event listener" (column 21, line 23-26). In other words, it teaches how to present an

XML (DOM) tree on a GUI. Although it utilizes an event listener, Beauchamp is a data

presentation method at the upstream of the data processing method of the present

invention just like Sather. In contrast, the present invention teaches a data processing, not

data representation or presentation method, which involves the following key steps: 1.

"parsing an XML document (tree) to generate a stream of events, wherein each event can

represent a portion of the document;" 2. "keeping in memory only a subset of the" stream

of events while "performing a match" on the subset of the events; 3. notifying "a user

component" when there is "a matched event" (claims 1, 13, 23, 33, and 34). Since

neither Sather nor Beauchamp teaches any of the proceeding steps for parsing of an

existing XML tree to generate a stream of events, keeping only a subset of the events in

memory while performing matching on each of them, and processing only those matched

events, they cannot render independent claims 1, 13, 23, 33, and 34 obvious. Since claims

2-12 depend on claim 1, claims 14-22 depend on claim 13, claims 24-32 depend on claim

23. Sather in view of Beauchamp cannot render claims 1-34 obvious under 35 U.S.C. §

103(a) for at least this reason, and Applicant respectfully requests that the rejection with

respect to these claims be withdrawn.

CONCLUSION

In light of the above, it is respectfully requested that all outstanding rejections be

reconsidered and withdrawn. The Examiner is respectfully requested to telephone the

undersigned if he can assist in any way in expediting issuance of a patent.

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The Commissioner is authorized to charge any underpayment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 06-1325 for any matter in connection with this reply, including any fee for extension of time, which may be required.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: 5/2/05

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